What a Ride! The Last Decade of the Internet

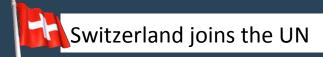
What a Ride! The Last Decade of the Internet and a peep into the next

> Geoff Huston APNIC



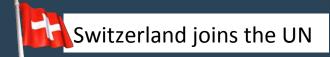










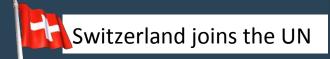






Argentina defaults on a World Bank loan







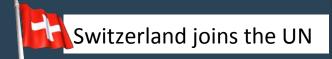


Argentina defaults on a World Bank loan



US President George W Bush gets Congressional authorization to use US Armed Forces against Iraq









Argentina defaults on a World Bank loan

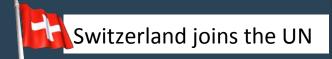


US President George W Bush gets Congressional authorization to use US Armed Forces against Iraq



SARS epidemic outbreak









Argentina defaults on a World Bank loan



US President George W Bush gets Congressional authorization to use US Armed Forces against Iraq



SARS epidemic outbreak



Brazil defeats Germany to win the FIFA World Cup



Still Struggling? How about these?



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500

Worldcom files for bankruptcy with assets valued at \$103B (the largest to date in the US)

Sep 2008: Washington Mutual \$327B, Lehmann Bros\$ 691B



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500

Worldcom files for bankruptcy with assets valued at \$103B (the largest to date in the US)
Sep 2008: Washington Mutual \$327B, Lehmann Bros\$ 691B

Napster shut down



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500

Worldcom files for bankruptcy with assets valued at \$103B (the largest to date in the US)
Sep 2008: Washington Mutual \$327B, Lehmann Bros\$ 691B

Napster shut down

Ebay buys Paypal



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500

Worldcom files for bankruptcy with assets valued at \$103B (the largest to date in the US)
Sep 2008: Washington Mutual \$327B, Lehmann Bros\$ 691B

Napster shut down

Ebay buys Paypal

HP buys Compaq



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500

Worldcom files for bankruptcy with assets valued at \$103B (the largest to date in the US)
Sep 2008: Washington Mutual \$327B, Lehmann Bros\$ 691B

Napster shut down

Ebay buys Paypal

HP buys Compaq

Apple releases the iPod



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500

Worldcom files for bankruptcy with assets valued at \$103B (the largest to date in the US)
Sep 2008: Washington Mutual \$327B, Lehmann Bros\$ 691B

Napster shut down

Ebay buys Paypal

HP buys Compaq

Apple releases the iPod

9 root servers disabled in a coordinated DDOS attack



Still Struggling? How about these?

The Internet Bubble bursts

The Dow Jones Stock index falls below 7,500

Worldcom files for bankruptcy with assets valued at \$103B (the largest to date in the US)
Sep 2008: Washington Mutual \$327B, Lehmann Bros\$ 691B

Napster shut down

Ebay buys Paypal

HP buys Compaq

Apple releases the iPod

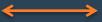
9 root servers disabled in a coordinated DDOS attack

LACNIC was formed!



569 million online users

900 million GSM users



569 million online users

Web 2.0 Web Services were hot

900 million GSM users

Web Portals were not



569 million online users

Web 2.0 Web Services were hot

WAP was cool

900 million GSM users

Web Portals were not

XML was not

569 million online users

Web 2.0 Web Services were hot

WAP was cool

Laptops were cool

900 million GSM users

Web Portals were not

XML was not

Large PCs were a tiny bit yesterday

569 million online users

Web 2.0 Web Services were hot

WAP was cool

Laptops were cool

Friendster had 3 million users

900 million GSM users

Web Portals were not

XML was not

Large PCs were a tiny bit yesterday

Look Smart was dead

569 million online users

Web 2.0 Web Services were hot

WAP was cool

Laptops were cool

Friendster had 3 million users

Windows XP was the OS of the day

900 million GSM users

Web Portals were not

XML was not

Large PCs were a tiny bit yesterday

Look Smart was dead

Mac OS was not

What's happened since then?



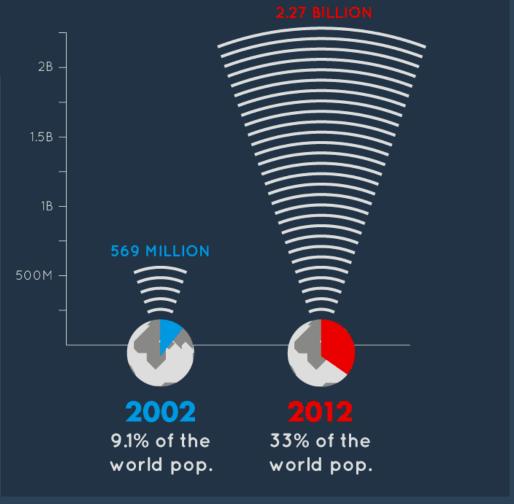
THE INTERNET A Decade Later



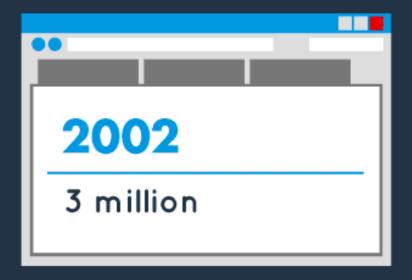
Who would've thought this possible?

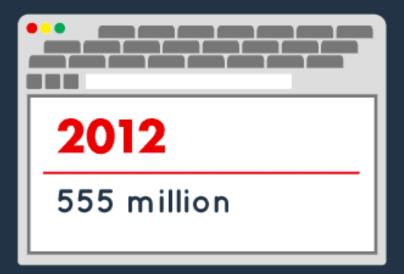


More users

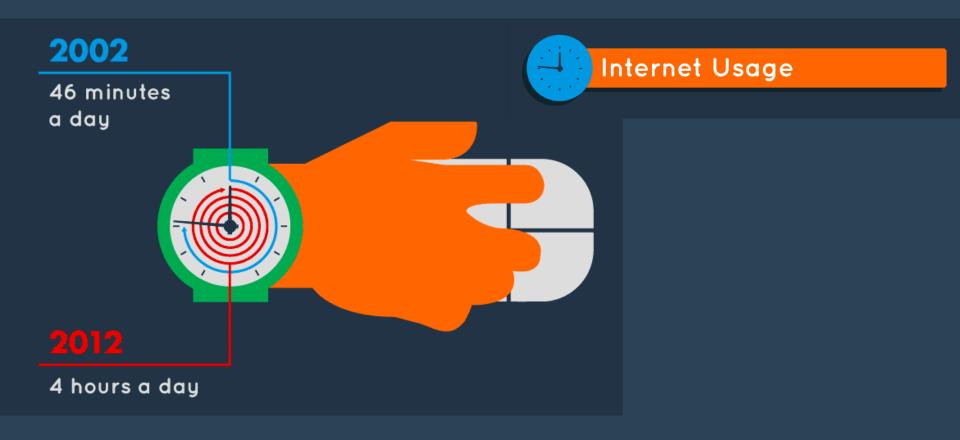




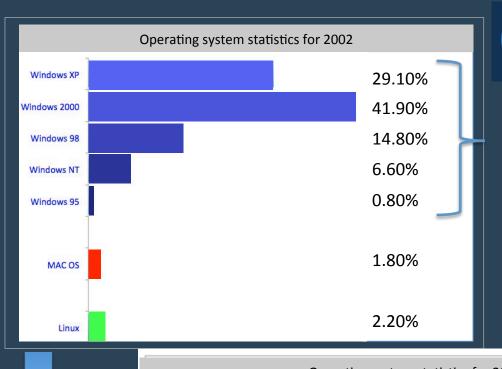




More to see

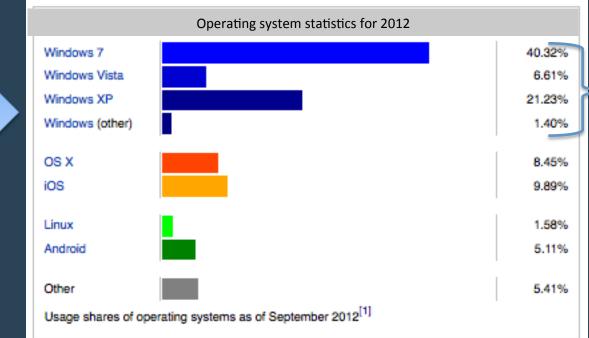


More time looking

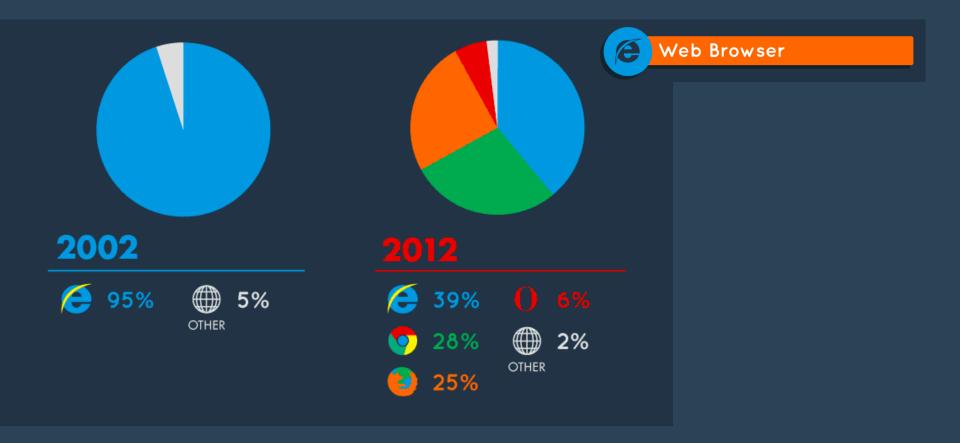




Windows: 96%



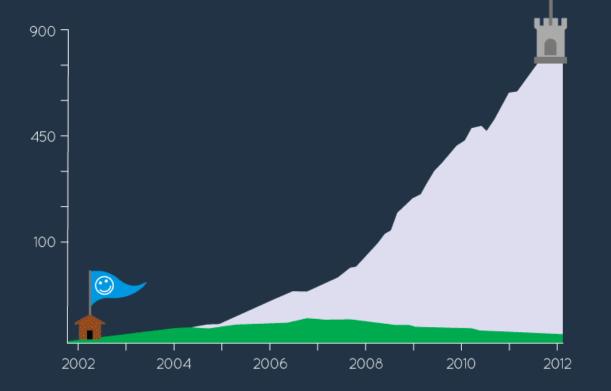
Windows: 70%



More browsers



Social Networking



WORLDWIDE UNIQUE VISITORS (IN MILLIONS)



Friendster launched and had a whopping 3 million users.

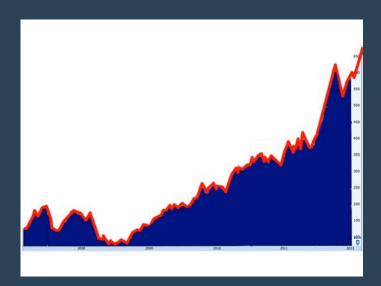
2012

The #1 social network site is Facebook with 900 million users.



The twitter-verse now runs at more than 340 million tweets per day.

Winners and Losers





Winners and Losers



Blockbuster – Video Rental

2002: Revenue \$5.5B

2010: Bankrupt



Netflix – Online Video

2002: Revenue \$150M

2012: Revenue \$3.2B

Winners and Losers



BORDERS Borders – Retail Books

2003: 1,249 stores worldwide,

\$3.2B sales

2011: Bankrupt



Amazon – Online Books and more

2002: \$2.8B sales

2012: \$18B sales

Winners vs Losers



Tower Records – Retail Music

2002: 200 Stores, \$800M sales

2006: Bankrupt



liTunes– Online music

2003: Started

2012: 20 billion songs sold

\$6B sales

All these changes point to a massive shift in online channels to retail sales for entertainment services.



And its not just online books and music...

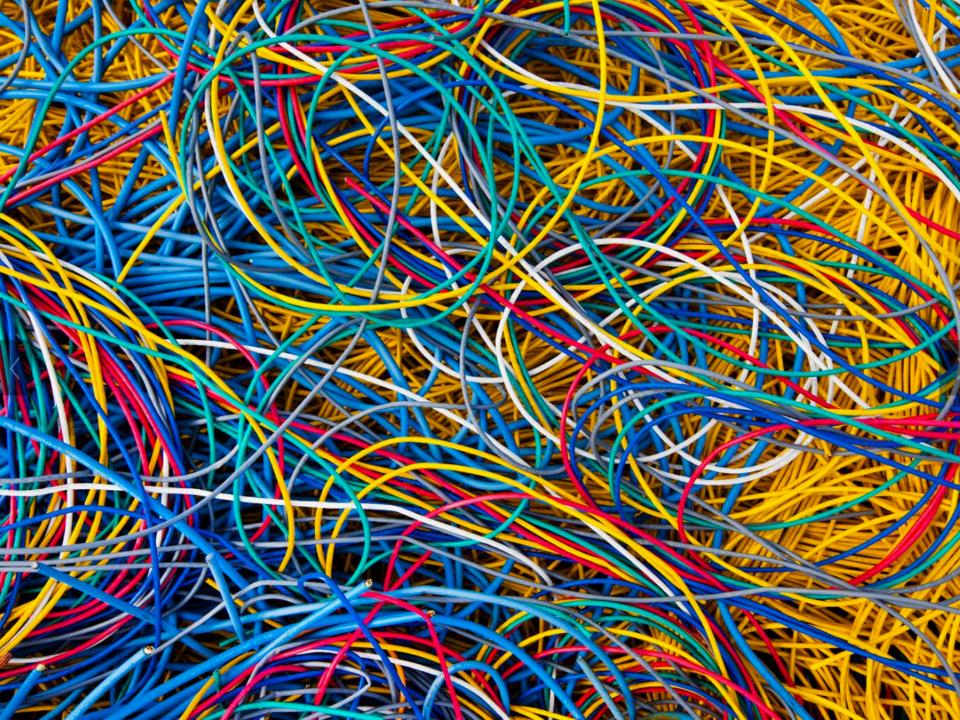
• Free-to-air advertisement revenues are falling, and many TV broadcasters are in trouble

• Print media advertisements are falling, and print newspapers are in trouble

And all this happened in just 10 years...

But the real driver for change in the last decade was not the shift in advertising and retail business models.

The real shift was away from wires...



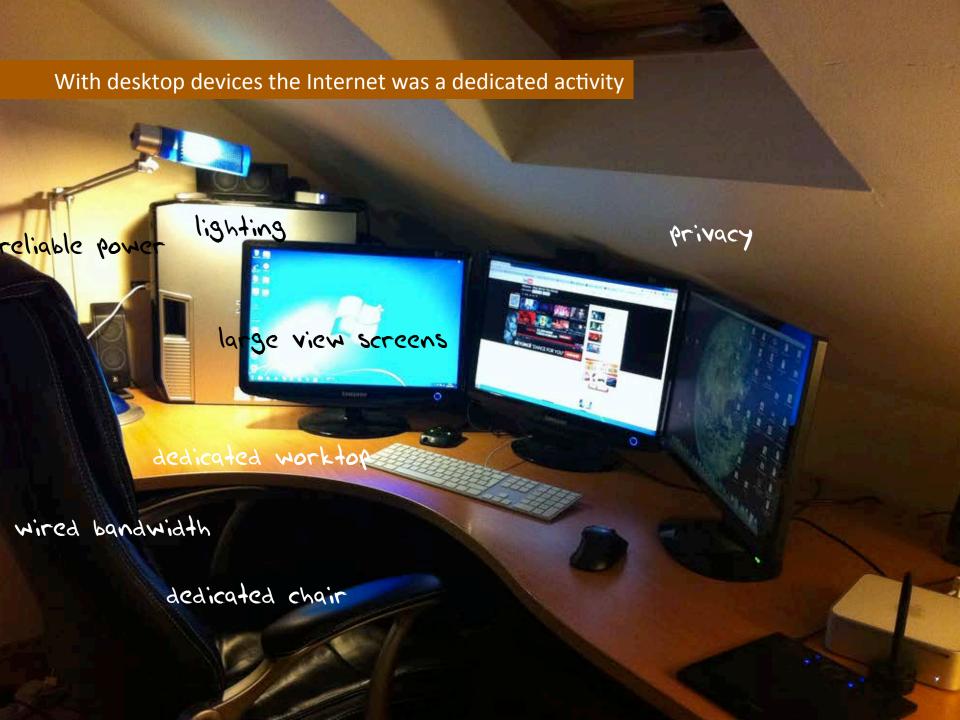
The real shift was achieved in a wireless device that just worked brilliantly...



iPhone

And it has changed everything...







"We are now living in a post-PC world"

"We are now living in a post-PC world"

Intel slides on PC slump

INTEL'S profit dropped 14 per cent in the third quarter, underscoring tough times for the personal computer sector amid competition from tablet-style devices and other headwinds.

The big chipmaker, whose microprocessors power most desktop PCs and laptops, said it was significantly scaling back production in the fourth quarter in response to weaker than expected demand. Intel said that move would cause it to take \$US500 million (\$485m) in charges for excess production capacity, triggering a big decline in its closely watched gross profit margin for the quarter.

emerging countries that have propelled the computer sector lately.

As it turned out, Intel's revenues in the third quarter came in a bit higher than the company predicted, and Intel said revenue should rise I per cent in the fourth quarter from the period ended in September. But analysts said they saw troubling signs in the current period, including the capacity charges and indications of pressures on chip prices.

The company reported net income for the period of \$US2.97 billion, or 58c a share, down from a profit in the year-earlier period

The Australian 18 October 2012

Where to from here?

5 Years Out



It's a mobile world!

2011: 270 million mobile units shipped

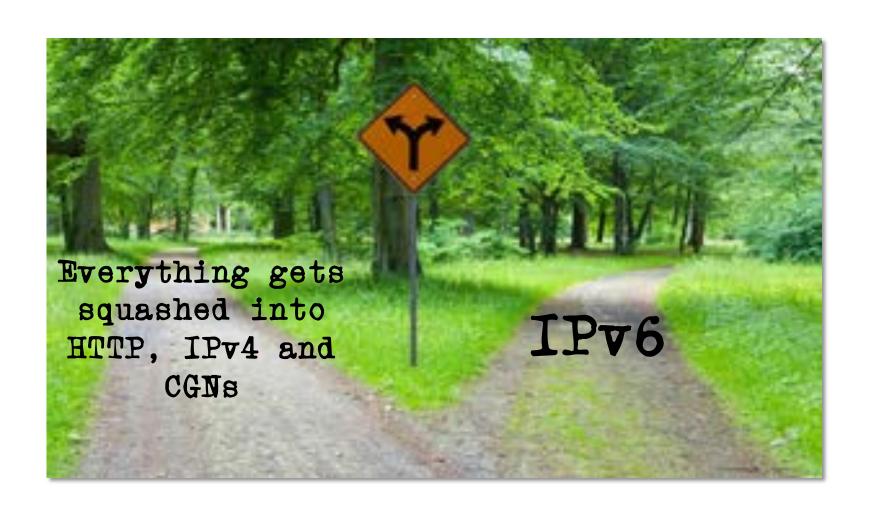
Factors:

- Production volumes are bringing down component unit cost
- Android is bringing down software unit cost
- No need for new content leverage off the the existing web universe of content
- Shift away from the desktop and the laptop by the production industry seeking new markets for their production capability

In the next five years...



In the next five years...

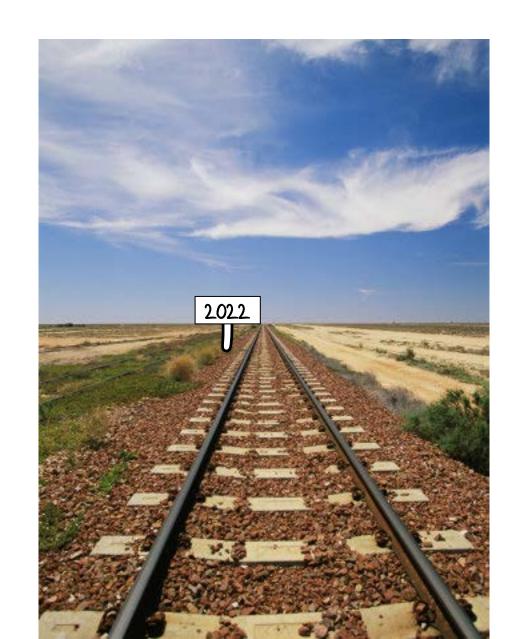


And its not yet clear which path the Internet will take!

And its not yet clear which path the Internet will take!

Can we look further out?

10 Years Out?



The Internet will be all IPv6 by 2022!

The market in IPv4 trading is a short term phase

CGNs also have near term limits under intense scaling pressure

There is no extended afterlife in store for CGNs + IPv4 if we make this transition to IPv6

(look at what happened to DECnet, SNA, Appletalk, X.25,...)

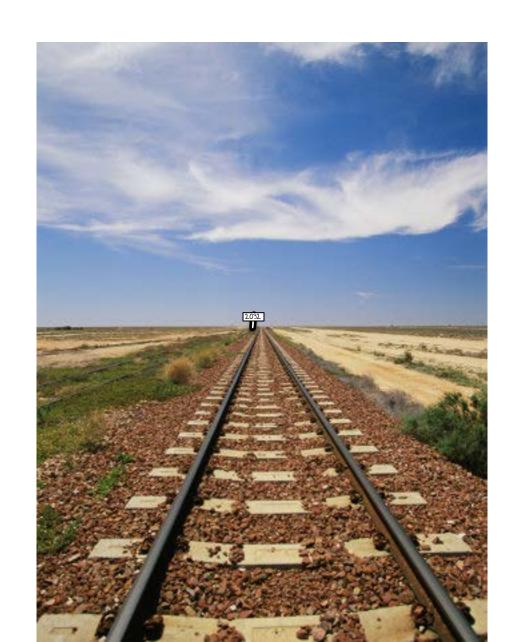
Radio spectrum will become even more of a scarce and highly valuable asset

- well it is already, but the competition for spectrum in highly populous areas will continue
- Fewer wide area services more cellular / femtocell services backed by fibre backhaul to improve spectrum efficiency

Cloud / Data Centre services may well have peaked by 2022 and be on the decline again

Innovative competitive pressure at this time may well come from highly distributed systems that do not rely on intense concentrations of computation and information storage

20 Years Out?



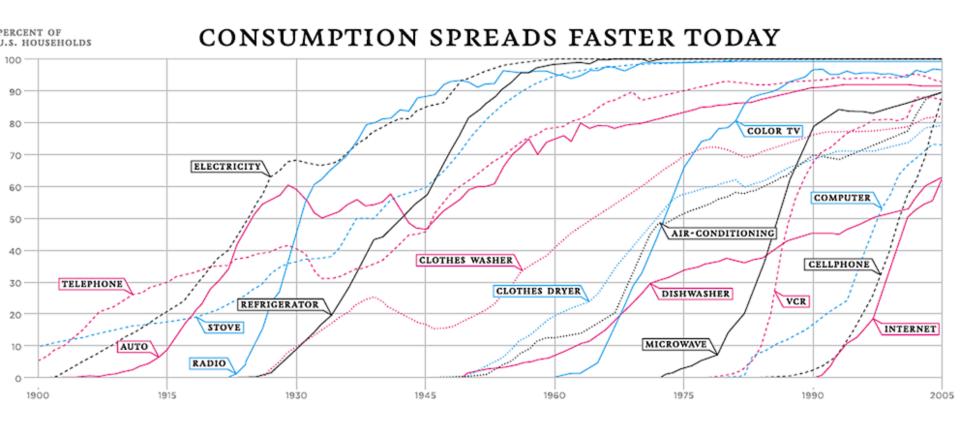
This is extremely tough!

very little from the world of 1992 is still with us today

very little of today's environment will be persistent for the next two decades

Why?

As the pace of technology adoption gets faster we cycle through successive generations of technologies at ever faster rates



What's shaping our future?

You and i

What's shaping our future?

You and i

We need to think about a post-PC world where computation, storage and communications are abundant commodities. It's innovative mass-produced consumer devices and services that will shape much of the Internet's future. And the innovative force here is one of constant technology refinement and evolution!



- Mark Weiser 1991

Thank You!